

says there has been another fight with the Indians about fifty miles above Austin, in which eight Indians were killed and 30 horses captured. The expedition was under the command of Capt. Dolsen who was badly wounded.

The editor of the Galvestonian gives the steamer Friend a friendly but rather equivocal puff. He says she is the oldest boat in Texas.

N. O. Picayune.

THE RICH MAN'S DAUGHTER.

BY A LADY.

It is often said that the times are strangely altered; and certain it is the people are. It was thought honorable to labor, to be constantly engaged in some active and useful avocation—and now a-days it is thought honorable to be idle. There is much complaint of the high price of every necessary of human existence, and with much truth. But if the amount of idleness could be counted with mathematical accuracy throughout our extended Republic, allowing the drones only half price for services they could perform, which others are now paid for, it might not be an unsafe calculation to put down the whole amount now paid for provisions and marketing in the United States. It is not a little inconsistent to hear parents whine about the price of provisions, while they bring up their daughters to walk the streets and expend money.

In one of our great commercial cities there resides a gentleman worth from two to three millions of dollars. He had three daughters, and he required them alternately to go into the kitchen and superintend its domestic concerns. Health and happiness he said were thus promoted; besides he could not say, in the vicissitudes of fortune, that they might not, ere they should close their earthly career, be compelled to rely on their hands for a livelihood, and he could say that they never could become wives and the proper heads of a family until they knew, with practical experience, all the economy of the household affairs. One of these daughters is now the lady of a Governor of one of these States—all at the head of very respectable families; and they carry out the principles implanted by their worthy parent—winning and securing the esteem of all around them.

Let the fair daughters of our country draw lessons from the industrious matrons of the past. The companions of the men who fought the battles of the revolution were inured to hardships and accustomed to unceasing toil, and so did they educate their daughters. Health, contentment, happiness and plenty smiled around the family altar. The damsel who understood most thoroughly and economically the management of domestic matters, and who was not afraid to put her hands into a wash tub for fear of destroying their elasticity and dimming their snowy whiteness, was sought by the young men of those days as fit companions for life—but now-a-days, to learn the mysteries of the household would make our fair ones faint away, and to labor comes not into the code of modern gentility!

THE PIONEER.



Saturday May 8, 1841.

Subscribers will please notice our terms of subscription to the "PIONEER," and bear in mind that after the expiration of the 26th No. SIX DOLLARS in all cases will be demanded, when five paid within the time will answer all purposes. "A penny saved, is two earned."

COMPLIMENTARY.

Dr. Hagan, of the Vicksburg Sentinel, in speaking of Capt. Sterling, late of the British Army and now Editor of the London Times, calls him "one of the most virulent of that base and unprincipled nation of blackguards and robbers." If we have not been misinformed, the Doctor himself is a native of that country that has the honor of possessing so interesting a population. Verily, he has eaten of the Lotus and forgets the circumstance.

THE NEW ORLEANS PICAYUNE.

We received by to-day's mail two numbers of the Picayune, and to our astonishment we find it as racy and piquant as ever. "Did you ever!" yes! we did. We once fancied from the high pressure power bestowed upon its pages, that the steam of the Picayune men would soon be exhausted, or that they would burst their boiler, or that the neat little craft, swift and tidy though she be, would strike a cruel snag and founder, or run upon a lee shore and break to pieces—but notwithstanding all our foresight and second-sight and prophecy, it has steered clear of all snags, sand banks, sawyers and hidden rocks; and with a full head of steam goes on its way rejoicing with as high a "puff" and as swift a foot as when she first darted from her moorings on her gay mission. Here's to you in a bumper, you jovial little wherry—many a time have you crossed the stream of care, scattering flowers in your path, and with that chuckle of yours, as you let off steam at each escapement, waking up the echoes to the feeling of fun and devilry. For ourself, often have we looked forward to the future in anxious solicitude for your welfare, at the same time doubting if you

could still carry as bold a front, or still wield your wand with the same magic potency, and at each arrival you have discharged a freight so varied and rich in humour, frolic, intelligence and wit, that more than one of us have been induced to the belief that your treasures were gleaned from fairy land. We have often read in school-boy days, how Jason and Aeneas met in their expeditions with "scopula" and "aras," and we could not conceive why the "Picayune" should not have its "sirens," or its "Charibdis," but we now "give in." From a small coasting schooner, like the Irishman's pistol it has grown into a dashing gallant frigate, and has crossed the 'big water,' where it has excited as strong a sensation, and experienced as favorable a reception as it ever did at one of its home ports. Ah, well! speculation is lost upon you; you come and go as if "no habitant of earth thou art," and if we may venture a conjecture upon your exemption from the ills of life, we would swear that it's because you carry the graces as your cabin passengers; Apollo leads your band while Silenus guides the helm.

We have heard of authors who in their moments of inspiration, swore that the lovely Thais sat beside them in the form of a bottle of wine; and were we believers in the doctrines of Confucius, we would swear that old Bacchus himself, rosy with gaiety and good humor, sat before us in the form of the 'Picayune.' Go to—"verily thou art a very devil in thy mirth."

U. S. SENATE.—The new Senate organized on the 4th inst. contains 29 whigs and 22 opposition or loco-foco Senators—one vacancy.

HUNCH-BACK.—An operation for the Hunch back was successfully performed in London recently, and in ten days the patient walked straight and erect as an Indian.

Hon. JOHN C. CALHOUN.—This gentleman was 58 years of age on the 17th of March last.

THE LIST SYSTEM AND THE SENTINEL.—Our contemporary of the Vicksburg Sentinel is exhibiting in bold relief, the perfidy and rascality of many of the New Orleans Merchants toward their confiding country customers, and shows in his history of the prominent "dramatic personae," how long and grossly Mississippi has been swindled by means of this odious "List system." Go on, Doctor, in your patriotic course, and hold up to detestation in all its disgusting and disgraceful details, this infamous contrivance for defrauding the honest planter. But while we sincerely applaud a course that has for its object the exposure of dishonest practices—we by no means desire to be understood as justifying the Sentinel in all the means which it chooses to employ to effect that end. We think that the style of the Sentinel might be very sensibly improved and suffer no diminution of its effect or usefulness;—believing as we do, that the use of strong personal language is not of itself sufficient to constitute a strong writer, and that vehement declamation or passionate abuse lends no cogency to argument. Nor do we believe such a style at all necessary to arouse public indignation against dishonest men and their nefarious schemes—since the moral sense of the community must be indeed obtuse, if it can only be aroused by a tissue of scurrility so gross as to make a fish woman stare or entitle its author to a diploma for the most eloquent effusion in billingsgate vernacular. On the contrary, the employment of such a style tends to defeat the end contemplated by the writer, as it is evident that the indiscriminate use of language weakens its force and destroys its effect.

The Doctor then does not surely wish to impress us with the sincerity of his warfare against the List system—no doubt that will be readily conceded with many thanks by a generous public. Nor can he, wish to appeal to passion and excite prejudice, when he can more effectually and safely rely upon appeals to the reason of his readers. It must spring then from a false conception of the refinement and taste of the age, which supposes that the public eye would gaze upon the pages of the Sentinel as the Romans did upon a bull fight or a gladiatorial engagement. The press must have some restraints, or it will degenerate into licentiousness—and in proportion as we value it, should we be cautious how we lessen its influence by abusing its power. We therefore give it as our decided conviction—a conviction to which we have arrived after much careful consideration;—we say, we unhesitatingly state it as our most deliberate opinion, that the simple statement of facts with the unadorned reasoning of the Sentinel would be as fully intelligible, and we trust as acceptable to the minds of its readers, as when elaborately ornamented with the choicest specimens culled from the stores of fish-market oratory. Goff, the pirate, used an oath for almost every adjective—indeed he filled his sentences so completely with these expletives, that he had an oath for almost every word he uttered, and this he called "shotting his discourse," vainly

imagining that violence of language gave strength to sentiment. But we are not yet prepared to believe that a style so exceedingly metaphorical is either agreeable to the taste of the present day, or conducive to its improvement.

THOMAS JEFFERSON.—In the Sentinel of the 27th ult., appears a letter quoted by the Philadelphia Ledger, which purports to have been written by Mr. Jefferson to a gentleman in that city in September 1823;—in which Mr. Jefferson in laying down some general abstract principles applicable to a manuscript sent him for inspection, is made to say, "that a preceding generation cannot bind a succeeding one with its laws or contracts, these deriving their obligation from the will of the existing majority," and yet this simple proposition, supposing it to be genuine, which we doubt—this simple proposition, modified of course by circumstances, is readily hailed by the spoils party in Mississippi, as sufficient authority to justify the State in repudiating her own contracts and inflicting indelible disgrace upon her citizens. Shade of the immortal patriot, how indignant would you be from the clouds of your dwelling, could you but know to what infamous purposes your partial opinions are prostituted! What is the meaning of the sentence quoted? Why, nothing more than that there exists no legal obligation; this is taking it in its broadest sense, and as a genuine opinion. Yet even this has no reference, and can bring no weight to the case of the State bonds, since it is admitted on all hands that our obligation to pay those bonds is purely a moral and honorable obligation—and is the obligation to an honorable mind any less because there exists no legal power of coercing its fulfilment?—Again, there is no applicability in the present instance, since the act complained of by the anti-bond payers have all been done in this day and generation. Besides, taking as granted all that these Simon Pures would assume, can the opinions of any man justify us in doing wrong? But away with any such presumption. Mr. Jefferson was an honest man, and the last man in the world who would have advocated the bandit doctrine, that a sovereign State, relying upon its sovereignty, should refuse to pay a just debt, simply because the will of the interested majority had so decreed—and suppose the will of an interested and duped majority had so decreed, would the obligation be reduced? Not at all. Does Mr. Jefferson say that the debt would be cancelled? No. What then does he say? why simply that in all popular governments, the will of the existing majority rules, whether right or wrong—for weal or woe, for honor or disgrace—and that therefore all obligation operating in future, must of necessity depend for their fulfilment upon the will of that majority.—But nevertheless that will so expressed does not and cannot make that right and proper which was before morally wrong and disgraceful—where then is the necessity of quoting opinions from Mr. Jefferson or any one else? The principles of justice are immutable and eternal—they cannot be warped by the interested views of the demagogue or the politician, and every man must be supposed to have in his own bosom a faithful monitor that will point unerringly if consulted, to the true standard of right. Why then are these apocryphal opinions vamped up and foisted with indecent exultation upon the notice of the public? Simply because, conscious of the inherent weakness of their position, they must resort to every artifice and subterfuge for the purpose of misleading the judgment of a credulous, trusting, but honest people.

It is said that the Devil can quote scripture to suit his purpose—much more easily than can the advocates of the anti-bond payers quote Jefferson or any one else to suit their peculiar views.

It only serves to show the desperation of a few disappointed politicians, and to what means bad men will resort to accomplish their wicked and infamous ends. The 'Globe' also, as if by premeditated and systematic concert, has a long argument of contemptible sophistry, to the same purpose. It would seem as if the corruption of public morals was an essential preliminary to the accomplishment of their accursed objects. Unhappy Mississippi!—you are nursing in your bosom a nest of vipers, who in their frantic treachery would persuade you to exceed even Esau in his folly, and barter the dearest birth-right of sovereignty, your National honor, for a mess of pottage.

WARLIKE PREPARATION.—We learn from the N. O. Bulletin, that England is preparing in earnest for any difficulties that may arise with the United States. The British House of Commons having on the 1st of March voted unanimously 43,000 men and thirty-two millions of dollars for the Navy, and 91,364 men and thirty-one millions of dollars for the Army.

It is high time "Uncle Sam" was making some arrangements to meet them in a becoming manner, should they pay us a visit.

According to the Vicksburg Sentinel, there was a rumor prevalent in Vicksburg on the 23d. ult., that Alexander K. McClung, Esqr., was killed at Washington City, in a duel with a naval officer. We sincerely trust it is not true. The Sentinel doubts the correctness of the report.

A man recently sold his wife at public auction, in the Cathedral City of York, England, for seven shillings and six-pence, or one dollar and sixty-six cents.

Fanny Ellsler, made her first appearance before the French Theatre portion of Orleans, at the French Theatre, on Tuesday 13th ult. She is making a harvest from the susceptibility and enthusiasm of the volatile and pleasure loving Orleansois.

McLEOD.—The McLeod excitement, say the Northern papers, is passing off, and will be scarcely heard of when the trial comes on.

ANOTHER OUTRAGE.—Another American vessel, in the African seas, has been overhauled and searched by a British man of war.—How long shall it be, before we demand reparation?

Republican Whig Ticket.



For Governor,
DAVID O. SHATTUCK, of Carroll.

For Congress,
ADAM L. BINGAMAN, of Adams,
WILLIAM R. HARLEY, of Marshall.
For Secretary of State,
LEWIS G. GALLOWAY, of Holmes.
For Auditor of Public Accounts,
JAMES J. ALLEN, of Hinds,
For State Treasurer,
WILLIAM G. CRAWLEY, of Perry.
For Attorney General,
ROBERT HUGHES, of Hinds.

November Election.

BENJAMIN ROACH, has authorized us to announce his name as a candidate for County Treasurer, at the next November election.
May 8th, 1841. 21-tdc-fd

M. J. James Money, of Carrollton, has authorized us to announce his name as a candidate for County Treasurer, at the next November election.
April 24, 1841. 18-fd.

W. E. have been authorized to announce Wm. R. Hawkins, as a candidate for Assessor of Carroll county, at the next November election.
April 24, 1841. 18-fd.

SAMUEL MOORE has authorized us to announce his name as a candidate for Tax Collector of Carroll county, at the next November election.
April 24, 1841. 19-fd.

William Ransom has authorized us to announce his name as a candidate for Sheriff of Carroll county, at the next November election.
April 24, 1841. 19-10.

ROBERT H. MILLER, of Carrollton, has authorized us to announce his name as a candidate for County Treasurer, at the next November election.
April 24, 1841. 19-fd.

JACOB RHODES, has authorized us to announce his name as a candidate for the Probate Clerkship of Carroll county, at the next November election.
April 24, 1841. 19-fd.

HENRY L. WARD, Esq., of Yalobusha Co., has authorized us to announce him as a candidate for the office of District Attorney for the Second Judicial District.
April 24, 1841.

W. E. are authorized to announce B. Reynolds, as a candidate for Assessor of Carroll county, at the next November election.
April 17, 1841. tdc-d10

W. E. are authorized to announce James N. Oldham as a candidate for Tax Collector of Carroll county. Election to take place in November next.
April 17, 1841. tdc-d10

W. E. are authorized to announce Thomas T. Young, as a candidate for Assessor of Carroll county, at the next November election.
April 10, 1841. 17-tdc.

W. E. are authorized to announce William W. Hammons, as a candidate for Tax Collector of Carroll county, at the next November Election.
April 8th, 1841. 17-tdc-fee \$10

W. E. have been authorized to announce John R. Foy, Esq., as a candidate for Sheriff of Carroll county, at the next November election.
April 8th, 1841. 17-tdc-fee \$10.

W. E. have been authorized to announce WILLIAM C. CLARK, Esq., as a candidate for the office of Probate Judge of Carroll county, at the next November Election.
April 5, 1841.

W. E. are authorized to announce RICHARD A. SEWARD, as a Candidate for the Office of Clerk of the Circuit Court of Carroll county, at the Election in November next.
March 18, 1841. \$10-14-tdc.

W. E. are authorized to announce the Hon. JAMES A. KENNEDY, of Choctaw county, as a candidate for the office of District Attorney, for the Second Judicial District, composing the counties of Carroll, Choctaw, Yalobusha and Tallahatchie.
February 20, 1841. 11-tdc.-pd-\$10 00.

LOST!!

BETWEEN Carrollton and Hugh R. Youngs, a Buck-skin Pocket Book, with one 50 dollar Union Post Note, a note on Alfred Murphey, for 18 dollars due last August, one on R. T. Tate, for 11 dollars, and several other papers and receipts, which can be of no value to any person but the owner. A liberal reward will be paid for the recovery of the same.
B. B. BIRD.
12-3w.

BLANK WRITS,
Neatly executed at this Office.

Notice.

PURSUANT to an order of the Honorable the Probate Court of Carroll county, Mississippi, I shall sell to the highest bidder (at public sale,) before the Court House door in the Town of Carrollton, on the

25th day of May next,

On a credit of twelve months, the following described lands, to wit: Lots Nos. 52, 53, 60 and 61, in the town of Carrollton.

—ALSO—

The North half of the west half of the north west quarter of section five, township twenty, range three east; and an undivided half of the north east quarter of section fifteen, and the west half of the north west quarter of section fourteen; township twenty—range two east, as the property of the estate of Thomas Rhodes, deceased.

Bond with approved security will be required, and such title given as was vested in said deceased at the time of his death, and no other.

JAS. WELLONS, Admr.

May 3rd, 1841.
Printers fee eight dollars.

NOTICE.

To all persons interested in the Lands and Tenements of Lindsey C. Hall, deceased, Especially the south east quarter of section eleven; and north east quarter of section twenty-two, in township seventeen of range one east—You will

TAKE NOTICE.

That at the June Term next, of the Probate Court of Carroll county, we will apply for an order to sell the real estate above described.

By order of the Probate court of Carroll county.
A. C. HALL,
MARCUS PIERCE,
Admrs. of L. C. Hall, dec'd.
Carrollton, May 4th, 1841.
Printers fee seven dollars.

The New World,

THE LARGEST, CHEAPEST, HANDSOMEST, AND MOST COMPREHENSIVE NEWSPAPER IN THE UNITED STATES.

Edited by Park Benjamin & Epes Sargent.

WITH multiplied resources for rendering the New World more valuable than ever as a compendious newspaper and repository of elegant literature, we enter upon the second volume (folio) on the 24th of October, dressed in a beautiful garb of new type, cast expressly for the purpose. It will therefore be a fitting to commence new subscriptions, as well as for the renewal of those which may then expire.

During the first year of the existence of the New World, it has acquired a reputation and circulation superior to that of any weekly paper in the country; and has furnished to its subscribers during that period, (besides all the current news of the day, domestic and foreign) new and valuable works by Talford, D'Israeli, Thomas Moore, Miss Mitford, Mrs. Jameson, Charles Dickens, Ainsworth, Knowles, Bulwer, Marryat and others—works, which in London could not be purchased for fifty times the amount of the subscription price of the New World. In addition to works of interest by these eminent authors, it has contained the cream of the periodical literature of the day, as well as original articles from the pens of some of the most popular writers of America, among whom we may mention Miss Sedgwick, Orville Dewey, Professor Longfellow, the author of 'Yankee Notions,' Simms, Street, &c., &c.

In politics we shall, as hitherto, maintain an armed neutrality. Our columns will as hitherto be unobscured in a moral point of view. In criticism we shall, in justice to the public, maintain a perfect independence, even though we incur the vengeance of all dunces. We shall in conclusion, earnestly strive to render our sheet not only worthy of the unparalleled favor it has experienced, but of a continually extending circulation. While we continue to furnish with all possible promptitude the most attractive literature of the day, we shall, as our means enlarge, afford that compensation to native authors which may induce them to make the New World the medium for presenting to the public their best productions. Our excellent London correspondence will be continued, and due attention will be paid to the commercial, agricultural and news departments of our paper.

A QUARTO EDITION

Of sixteen large pages was commenced on the sixth of June last, in order to meet the wishes of a large number of subscribers, by giving them its rich and varied contents in a suitable form for binding. This we have done without having enhanced the price, that new subscribers, and others on the renewal of previous subscriptions, can take their choice between the Quarto and Folio Form. But a few sets of the Quarto, from No. 1, now remain on hand in the office and we shall therefore, not be able long to supply them.

TERMS.—Three Dollars a year in advance, for either edition; or Five Dollars for two copies. In all cases letters must be free, or post paid, or they will remain dead in the Post-office.

All Post-masters who will act for us are our authorized Agents, and may retain 25 per cent. on the subscription price, for commissions, if remitted in New-York or Eastern money—or fifty cents on each, if in notes of other solvent banks, which may be at a discount here.

Letters relative to the editorial department must be addressed to Park Benjamin & Epes Sargent, Editors: those relative to the business department, to J. WINCHESTER, Publisher, New-York City, 1841.

Commissioner's Notice.

THE undersigned having been appointed by the Honorable the Probate Court of Carroll county, Commissioners of Insolvency for the estate of Thomas Rhodes, dec'd., NOTICE is therefore given to all persons interested in said estate, that we will meet at the house of Sanders & Bryan, in Carrollton, on the first Saturday of every month, for six months successively, for the purpose of examining all claims against said estate.

By order of Court.
T. T. KIMBROUGH,
WM. SAUNDERS,
JAS. H. LAUGHTER.
February 6th, 1841.
Printers fee [25 00.] 10-6m

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

To all persons interested in the estate of Wm. McCorkle deceased.

TAKE NOTICE.

That at the regular April Term of the Probate Court of Carroll county, to be holden at the court house thereof, I will exhibit my account for allowance and final settlement, as Administrator of the estate of William McCorkle deceased.

By order of the Probate Court of Carroll county.
C. F. FISHER, Admr.
of the estate of Wm. McCorkle dec'd.
Carrollton, Feby. 3, 1841.
Printers fee [50 00.] 10-16